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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/053,490 10/26/2001		Kobby Pick	10559-454001/P10771	3410	
20985	7590 12/15/2005		EXAMINER		
FISH & RICHARDSON, PC			PHU, PHUONG M		
P.O. BOX 1022 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE		
	,		2631		

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

(<u>X</u>					
Application No.	Applicant(s)	•			
10/053,490	PICK ET AL.				
Examiner	Art Unit				
Phuong Phu	2631				

before the filling of all Appear Brief	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Phuong Phu	2631	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 25 November 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THI		•	
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or o this application, applicant must timely file one of the folloplaces the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in comp following time periods: The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of 	owing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in liance with 37 CFR 1.114. The repl	ffidavit, or other evide compliance with 37 (ence, which CFR 41.31; or
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Adv event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later th	risory Action, or (2) the date set forth in th		er is later. In no
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b) MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).		
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	and the corresponding amount of the fee. atutory period for reply originally set in the	The appropriate extension final Office action; or (2)	n fee under 37 as set forth in (b)
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any e Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must I AMENDMENTS 	extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal o	of the appeal.
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below	ensideration and/or search (see NO ow);	TE below);	
 (c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 	corresponding number of finally re		the issues for
 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1. 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a 	121. See attached Notice of Non-Co.):		•
the non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proof The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: 19-23.		rill be entered and an	explanation of
Claim(s) objected to: 2 and 15. Claim(s) rejected: 1,3-14,16-18 and 24-28. Claim(s) withdrawn ronsideration:		*	
 AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, b because applicant failed to provide a showing of good ar and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation 	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under apperry and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fa See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ils to provide a 1).
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but		•	
See Attachement. 12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). 13. ☑ Other: Attachment.	(PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper		
10. M Other. Attachment.	PHUONG PHU PRIMARY EXAMINER	Phuong Phu Primary Examiner	21,2105
		Art Unit: 2631	

-1

Application/Control Number: 10/053,490

Art Unit: 2631

ATTACHMENT

This Attachment is responsive to the Applicant's Response filed on 11/25/05.

The applicant mainly argues that (i) With respect to claim 1, neither of Gonzalez et al and Sriram et al describe nor suggest a normalization factor that is determined using a determined variance of multiple access interference to the output of a receiver; (ii) With respect to claim 9, neither of Gonzalez et al and Sriram et al describe nor suggest a normalization is based on a determined variance of multiple access interference; and (iii) With respect to claim 24, neither of Gonzalez et al and Sriram et al describe nor suggest a normalization factor that is determined based on a determined variance of a level of multiple access interference.

-Regarding to part (i), the examiner respectfully disagrees.

Gonzalez et al discloses step (12, 14, 16) of determining a normalization factor "confidence factor (h(y))" (outputted from (14) for a normalization process (12, 14, 16, 18) (see figure 2, and [0047]). Gonzalez et al does not disclose that the normalization factor is determined by using a variance of a multiple access interference. However, Gonzalez et al receiver (figure 2) can be applied in a CDMA communication environment (see [0004, 0007, 0014]), and Gonzalez et al disclose that the normalization factor is determined by being based on a variance of interference/noise (σ^2) (see [0030-0032, 0046, 0047]); and Gonzalez et al is silent on how in detail the is σ^2 obtained.

Sriram et al teaches that in a CDMA communication environment, the interfence/noise at the output of a receiver is accounted by thermal noise and multiple access interference "inter and intra-cell interference, and cross correlation among different PN sequences, or their shift"; and the total variance of additive Gaussian noise can be used to represent said interfence/noise (see

Application/Control Number: 10/053,490

Art Unit: 2631

col. 1, lines 18-59, col. 18, lines 1-37). Or, namely, in Sriram et al, the variance of

interfence/noise can be represented by the total variance of additive Gaussian noise.

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one skilled in the art, when applying Gonzalez

Page 3

et al invention in a CDMA communication environment, to include thermal noise and possible

multiple access interferences for accounting for the interfence/noise at Gonzalez et al receiver,

and the variance of the interfence/noise would be represented by the total variance of additive

Gaussian noise, as taught by Sriram et al, so that in such Gonzalez et al invention in view of

Sriram et al, the total variance of additive Gaussian noise would be obtained to represent for the

 σ^2 , as being required.

With the above rationale, it can be said here that in Gonzalez et al invention in view of

Sriram et al, the normalization factor is determined by using a variance of a multiple access

interference.

-Regarding to parts (ii) and (iii), the examiner also disagrees, with similar reasons set

forth above for part (i).